

West Virginia Reportable Infectious Diseases Laboratories (WV Code 16-3-1; 64CSR7)



Reporting of the following communicable diseases is required by law as follows:

December 2015

Category I Report suspect or confirmed cases immediately to the Local Health Department	Category II Report within 24 hours to the Local Health Department	Category III Report within 72 hours to the Local Health Department	Category IV Report within 1 week to the Local Health Department	Category V Report within 1 week to the Bureau for Public Health
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Bacillus anthracis</i>^a• Bioterrorist event^c• <i>Clostridium botulinum</i>^c• Foodborne outbreak^c• <i>Fransicella tularensis</i>^{a,b}• Intentional exposure to an infectious agent^c• Middle Eastern respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV)^c• Novel influenza infection, animal or human^a• Orthopox infection^c• Outbreak or cluster^c• Rubella^b• Rubeola (measles)^b• SARS coronavirus infection^c• Smallpox^c• Viral hemorrhagic fever^b• Waterborne outbreak^c• <i>Yersinia pestis</i>^a	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Bordetella pertussis</i>• <i>Brucella</i> species^{a,b}• <i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i>^a• <i>Coxiella burnetii</i>• Dengue Fever^b• <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> from a normally sterile site^{1,a}• Hepatitis A, positive IgM²• Hepatitis B, positive anti-HBc IgM or HBsAg²• Hepatitis D²• Mumps, evidence of acute infection from any site^{a,b}• <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> from any site^{1,a}• <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> from a normally sterile site^a• Poliomyelitis^c• Rabies, animal or human^c• <i>Salmonella typhi</i> from any site^a• Shiga toxin-producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> (STEC)^a• <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>, glycopeptide intermediate (GISA/VISA) or glycopeptide resistant (GRSA/VRSA)^{1,a}• <i>Vibrio cholerae</i>^{a,b}• Yellow Fever^{b,c}• Any other unusual condition or emerging infectious disease of public health importance^c	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Campylobacter</i> species• <i>Cryptosporidium</i> species• <i>Cyclospora</i> species• <i>Giardia lamblia</i>• <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>^a• <i>Salmonella</i> species (except <i>Salmonella typhi</i>)^{1,a}• <i>Shigella</i> species^{1,a}• <i>Trichinella</i> species• Non-cholera <i>Vibrio</i> species^a	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Anaplasma phagocytophilum</i>• Arboviral infection^b<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ LaCrosse encephalitis▪ West Nile virus▪ Eastern equine encephalitis▪ Saint Louis encephalitis▪ Powassan encephalitis▪ Western equine encephalitis• <i>Babesia</i> species• <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> (with Western blot confirmation)• Carbapenem resistant <i>Enterobacteriaceae</i>¹• <i>Ehrlichia</i> species• Hantavirus infection^b• <i>Legionella pneumophila</i>• <i>Leptospira interrogans</i>• Malaria (<i>Plasmodium</i> species)• <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> by interferon gamma release assay (IGRA)• Psittacosis (<i>Chlamydia psittaci</i>)• <i>Rickettsia</i> species• <i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>, (<i>Streptococcus</i> Group B), from a normally sterile site• <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>, from a normally sterile site^{1,a}	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CD4+ T lymphocyte or percentages³• <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i>• Enterovirus (non-polio), culture confirmed, numerical totals only, by serotype as available• <i>Haemophilus ducreyi</i>• Hepatitis C²• HIV type 1 or 2• HIV-1/2 Type-Differentiating Immunoassay (Multi-spot)• HIV-1 RNA/DNA NAAT (Qualitative)• HIV-2 RNA/DNA NAAT (Qualitative)• HIV-1 RNA/DNA NAAT (Quantitative viral load)• HIV-2 RNA/DNA NAAT (Quantitative viral load)• Influenza, confirmed by culture, PCR or immunofluorescence, numerical totals only, by type and subtype as available• <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> from any site (report within 24 hours)^{1,a}• <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>: drug resistant from any site; from the female upper genital tract; or from the eye of a newborn (within 24 hours)• <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>, all other• Syphilis, serologic evidence• <i>Treponema pallidum</i>, positive darkfield (within 24 hours)
^a Submit an isolate to the Office of Laboratory Services for further testing or confirmation		¹ Including susceptibility test results		
^b Submit a serologic specimen to the Office of Laboratory Services for further testing or confirmation		² Including hepatitis A and B serologies and transaminase and bilirubin levels		
^c Consult DIDE regarding laboratory confirmation 1-800-423-1271, ext 1 or (304) 558-5358, ext 1.		³ Related to HIV/AIDS		
Report name, address, telephone number, date of birth, sex, race, ethnicity and the physician's name, office address, office phone and fax numbers, name of person or agency submitting the specimen for testing, specimen source, date of specimen collection, date of result, name of the test, test result, normal value or range; and name, address, phone and fax number of the laboratory. Laboratories may report with a copy of the laboratory report. For information on electronic laboratory reporting or the Reportable Disease Protocol Manual, see: www.dide.wv.gov			West Virginia Department of Health & Human Resources Bureau for Public Health 350 Capitol Street, Room 125 Charleston, WV 25301 Phone: 304.558.5358, ext 1 In WV: 800.423.1271, ext 1 Answering service: 304.925.9946 Fax: 304.558.8736	

Additional non-infectious conditions required to be reported by laboratories within one week of diagnosis (unless otherwise specified):



Reportable Condition	How to Report
Cancer	Laboratory evidence of cancer (except basal and squamous cell skin cancer or cervical cancer in situ), including nonmalignant and intracranial and CNS tumors, should be reported to the West Virginia Cancer Registry within 6 months of diagnosis at (800)-423-1271. See: http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/oeps/cancer/Pages/CancerReporters.aspx
Birth Defects in infants and children to age 6: (WV Code 16-40) WV Code of State Rules 64-81)	Chromosomal Anomaly Birth defects including Down’s syndrome anomaly are reported to the Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health in the Bureau for Public Health Report forms and information on reporting of birth defects can be obtained by calling the Division of Research, Evaluation and Planning, Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health at 304-558-5388.
Childhood Lead Poisoning: (WV Code 16-35-4a) (WV Code of State Rules 64-42-1)	Lead: all blood lead test results on children up to age 6 or 72 months. Reported information should include the patient’s name, address, (including county), date of birth, sex and lead levels as well as the reporting provider’s name and address and any other information required by the director relevant to the purpose of this rule. Questions on lead reporting and follow-up should be directed to the Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health, Division of Research, Evaluation and Planning at 304-558-5388.